Test 01

## THINKING SKILLS

| Question <br> Number | Answer |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | A | A |
| Bis correct as Leanne is unable to take the rubbish bins out due <br> to not being at home. <br> is incorrect as Tina is only not at home for a part of the day, so she <br> has time to take out the bins. |  |  |
|  | Cis not the answer as Tina's reasoning is incorrect. <br> is not the answer as Leanne's reasoning is correct. |  |

Tip: Consider how long it takes to take out rubbish bins. Tina can take them out before she goes shopping or after she comes back from shopping on Sunday.

2 A A is correct as this statement provides advantages of getting extra sleep.
B is incorrect as this statement does not support getting extra sleep.
C is incorrect as this statement supports waking up early.
D is incorrect as this statement relates to the birds and not to Selena.

Tip: Select the option which supports Selena getting more sleep. The correct option supports that whereas the other options are stating the pros of getting less sleep and waking up at dawn.

3 D A is incorrect as you are not working hard, which goes against the initial statement.
B is incorrect as you may still have talent even if you do not play basketball.
C is incorrect as talent is not related to hard work.
D is correct as it is true to the initial statement of hard work and talent.

Tip: You can pick the correct answer through a process of elimination. The other three options do not contain both talent and hard work being present. Excelling at basketball can only be achieved if both hard work and talent are there.
4 D

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Tip: Try to rotate the triangle and visualise in your mind. The two rectangles have the same length and can be placed on top of each other to form a larger rectangle. The triangle can then be placed beside the rectangle to form the final shape.

| 5 | C | A | is incorrect as although John is correct, Paul is also correct. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | B | is incorrect as although Paul is correct, John is also correct. |
|  |  | C | is correct as both people's reasoning is correct. |
|  |  | D | is incorrect as both are correct. |
|  |  | Tip: | The maximum score of each component is 50 points. If 80 is needed to pass, John needs $(80-36=44)$ at least 44 points to pass. If Pau gets the maximum score for the theory component which is 50 ( $25+$ $50=75$ ) his overall score of 75 is still less than 80 so he is not able to pass the semester. |

6 B A is incorrect as Anna is 7 years old.
B is correct as he is 10 years old.
C is incorrect as Jay is 7 years old.
D is incorrect as Anthony is 2 years older than Seth.

Tip: It is given that Anna is 7 years old. Jay is the same age as Anna (7). Seth is 1 year older than Anna (8). Jay is three years younger than Anthony. Anthony must be 10 years old. Also, Tony is not the oldest child in the family. Therefore, Anthony must be the oldest.
$7 \quad \mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{A}$ is incorrect as the number of kids created will be wrong.
$B$ is incorrect as the number of kids created will be wrong.
C is correct as 112 cows has one kid and 35 had two kids.
D is incorrect as the number of kids created will be wrong.

Tip: Do the question by trial and error. If 112 cows had 1 kid, then 147 $112=35.35$ cows would have had 2 kids, creating $(35 \times 2=70) 70$ kids. $112+70$ equals 182 which is the correct number of kids given in the question.
$8 \quad$ A $\quad$ A is correct as this statement provides advantages of drinking juice
B is incorrect as it supports eating fruit.
C is incorrect as is does not support drinking juice.
D could be correct, but option A strengthens the statement more.
Tip: Pick the statement that supports drinking juice rather than eating fruit. $B$ and $C$ weakens Rafael's argument. Option D can strengthen the statement, but it does not justify drinking juice as much as Option A which directly provides benefits of drinking juice compared to eating fruit.
$9 \quad$ B $\quad$ A is incorrect as the question states at least 2.
B is correct as there may be some overlap.
C is incorrect as this information is irrelevant.
D is incorrect as it does not have to do with the question.
Tip: Process of elimination. The other three options do not have to do with the mistake that Isabelle has made. The player that finished 1st, 2nd
or 3rd might have been the player that scored 3 3-pointers in the competition. Therefore, it is not guaranteed that there are 4 players that will get a prize


Tip: Pick the statement that supports not chewing ice. The other options states that chewing on ice is either good or neutral. We need to pick the option that supports that chewing ice is detrimental.


Tip: $2,3,4,5,6,7,8$ can use the 7 -day consecutive pass. It is cheaper to buy the 7-day pass for days 2-8 rather than the other options, even if the pass is not needed for the 4th. The 1-day pass must be bought for the 11th and the 4-day pass should be bought for days 13, 14, 15 even though it is only 3 days as it is cheaper than the other options. Therefore, $5+10+25=\$ 40$, which is the cheapest combination.

| 20 | A <br> A correct as this shows that dogs can also like spicy food. <br> B could be correct, but other humans still like spicy food. |
| :--- | :--- |
| C is incorrect as birds are not mammals. |  |
| D is incorrect as this supports the statement. |  |$\quad$| Tip:Process of elimination. Options $C$ and $D$ are wrong as they do not <br> weaken the argument. B does not exactly weaken the argument as <br> some humans hate spice but other humans still like spicy food. <br> Option A weakens the argument as the dog can be a third mammal <br> that also likes spicy food. |
| :--- | :--- |

$21 \quad A \quad A \quad$ is correct as 48 shoes equals 16 shirts.
B is incorrect as the number of shirts is wrong.
C is incorrect as it is too many shirts.
D is incorrect as it is too many shirts.

Tip: From the question, 3 pairs of shoes equal 1 shirt. If two pairs of shoes equal one pair of pants and two pairs of pants equals 4 pairs of socks (one pair of pants equals 2 pairs of socks), then one pair of shoes equals one pair of socks. If 3 pairs of socks equal one shirt, then 3 pairs of shoes also equal one shirt. Therefore, 48 pairs of shoes can get ( 48 divided by 3 is 16) 16 shirts.


Tip: Use a process of elimination. If Alice likes basketball then she must like swimming, as stated in the question. Also, nobody who liked swimming liked running. Therefore, Alice must not like running, making option C the correct choice.



32 A A is correct as the statement correlates to working longer hours.
B is incorrect as it supports working less hours.
C is incorrect as it supports working less hours.
D is incorrect as it is not relevant to the statement.

Tip: Pick the statement that supports the initial statement of working longer hours. Options $B$ and $C$ are showing how people are working less hours which does not strengthen the argument. Option D is not relevant to the argument.
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\hline 33 & \text { B } & \begin{array}{l}\text { A incorrect as Car D arrives after A. } \\ \text { B } \\ \text { C is correct as every other car arrives before it. } \\ \text { is incorrect as it arrives before Car A and Car B. }\end{array} \\ & \text { D is incorrect as it arrives before Car B }\end{array}\right\}$

C is incorrect as it is too small.
D could be correct, but the portion is slightly too large for 17.
Tip: Try to fit each number on the pie chart and eliminate 54 and 6. The largest section will be 54 and the smallest will be 6 . That leaves 23 and 17, and a is the larger of the two. Therefore, 23 is the correct answer.


Tip: Trial and error. By testing Andrew with \$13, then Paul must have \$5 more which is $\$ 18$. Also, $(18+8=26)$ which is twice of 13 . Therefore, Andrew must have \$13.

40 B A is incorrect as the shape cannot be made.
B is correct as a rectangle can be made first then place the large triangle next to the rectangle.
C is incorrect as the shape is just the third shape by itself.
$D \quad$ is incorrect as the shape cannot be made.

Tip: Try to visualise and use a process of elimination. The smaller triangle can be placed on the slope of the largest shape to make a complete rectangle. The side of the large triangle can be placed beside the complete rectangle to form the correct shape.

